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Solutions to H.W. #10

$$1. \frac{du}{dt} = 4x^3(-\sin(t)) - 4y^3(2t \cos(t^2)) = -4(\cos^3(t)\sin(t) + t \sin^3(t^2) \cos(t^2))$$

$$2. \frac{du}{dt} = e^{x+4y-2}\left(\frac{1}{t}\right) + 4e^{x+4y-2}\left(\frac{1}{t+1} - \frac{1}{t}\right) - e^{x+4y-2}\left(-\frac{1}{t^2}\right) = \\ = e^{x+4y-2}\left(\frac{1}{t} + \frac{4}{t+1} - \frac{4}{t} + \frac{1}{t^2}\right) = e^{\ln t + 4\ln(\frac{t+1}{t}) - \frac{1}{t}}\left(\frac{4}{t+1} - \frac{3}{t} + \frac{1}{t^2}\right)$$

$$3. \frac{du}{dt} = \frac{-y}{x^2} \frac{1}{1 + (\frac{y}{x})^2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} + \frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{1 + (\frac{y}{x})^2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{t} = \\ = \frac{-y}{x^2+y^2} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} + \frac{x}{x^2+y^2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{t} = \frac{-(\sqrt{t})^3}{t+t^3} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} + \frac{\sqrt{t}}{t+t^3} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{t} = \\ = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-t}{t+t^3} + \frac{3t}{t+t^3} \right) = \frac{t}{t+t^3} = \frac{1}{1+t^2}$$

$$4. \frac{du}{dt} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cos t - \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \sin t + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$$

$$5. \frac{du}{dt} = \frac{-2y}{(2-y)^2} f'(t) + \frac{2x}{(x-y)^2} g'(t) = \frac{-2g(t)}{(f(t)-g(t))^2} f'(t) + \frac{2f(t)}{(f(t)-g(t))^2} g'(t)$$

$$6. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = (2xy^3+1) \cdot 2t + (3x^2y^2-3) \cdot 1 \Big|_{x=t^2-s, y=t-s^2},$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = (2xy^3+1)(-1) + (3x^2y^2-3)(-2s) \Big|_{x=t^2-s, y=t-s^2}.$$

$$7. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 2+1-1=2 \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = 3-1-1=1,$$

$$8. \frac{du}{dt} = \frac{(x^2+y^2)-(x+1)2x}{(x^2+y^2)^2} + \frac{-2(x+1)y}{(x^2+y^2)^2} (-2t) \Big|_{x=s^2+t, y=s-t^2}$$

$$\frac{du}{ds} = \frac{(x^2+y^2)-(x+1)2x}{(x^2+y^2)^2} \cdot 2s + \frac{-2(x+1)y}{(x^2+y^2)^2} \Big|_{x=s^2+t, y=s-t^2}$$

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$$9. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}(-3) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{(s-t)^2} \right) = \frac{1}{s+t} - \frac{3}{s-3t} + \frac{1}{(s-3t)^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-1}{(s-t)^2} \right) = \frac{1}{s+t} + \frac{1}{s-3t} - \frac{1}{(s-t)^3}$$

$$10. \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial x}(-2t) + \frac{\partial g}{\partial y}(2s)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial x}(2s) + \frac{\partial g}{\partial y}(2t)$$

$$11. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{-s(2x(t)x'(t) + 2y(t)y'(t) + 2z(t)z'(t))}{(x^2(t) + y^2(t) + z^2(t))^2} = \\ = \frac{-2s(x(t), y(t), z(t)) \cdot (x'(t), y'(t), z'(t))}{(x^2(t) + y^2(t) + z^2(t))^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = \frac{1}{x^2(t) + y^2(t) + z^2(t)}$$

$$12. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = f(s+t, 2s+3t) + t \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(s+t, 2s+3t) + 3 \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(s+t, 2s+3t) \right) -$$

$$-s \left(3 \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(2s+3t, s+t) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(2s+3t, s+t) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = t \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(s+t, 2s+3t) + 2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(s+t, 2s+3t) \right) - f(2s+3t, s+t) -$$

$$-s \left(2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(2s+3t, s+t) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(2s+3t, s+t) \right).$$

$$13. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = e^t g(e^2 + e^{-s}, \ln t, \ln(e^{t+s} + 1)) + e^t \left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \cdot 0 + \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{1}{t} + \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{e^{t+s}}{e^{t+s} + 1} \right)$$

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$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = e^t \left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \cdot (-e^{-s}) \right)$$

14, $f(3,2) = (-2, 3)$.

$$Jg(-2,3) = \begin{pmatrix} 2xy^3 & 3x^2y^2 \\ 3 & -2y \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{(-2,3)} = \begin{pmatrix} -108 & 108 \\ 3 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Jf(3,2) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Thus } J(g \circ f)(3,2) = Jg(-2,3) Jf(3,2) = \begin{pmatrix} -108 & 108 \\ 3 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 108 & 108 \\ -6 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ Hence } D(g \circ f)(3,2)(x,y) = (108x + 108y, -6x - 3y)$$

15. $f(3,1,-1) = (-3, -\frac{1}{3})$.

$$Jg(-3, -\frac{1}{3}) = \begin{pmatrix} 2xy^3 & 3x^2y^2 \\ 3 & -2y \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{(-3, -\frac{1}{3})} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{9} & 3 \\ 3 & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Jf(3,1,-1) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & x \\ -\frac{yx}{(xz)^2} & \frac{1}{xz} & -\frac{yz}{(xz)^2} \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{(3,1,-1)} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 3 \\ \frac{1}{9} & -\frac{1}{9} & -\frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$J(g \circ f)(3,1,-1) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{9} & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{29}{27} & -\frac{2}{27} & \frac{29}{9} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{27} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -9 & -9 \\ -29 & -2 & 237 \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\text{Hence } D(g \circ f)(3, 1, -1)(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{27} / 3x - 9y - 9z, -79x - 2y + 237z$$

$$16. J\left(\frac{\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$Jg\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2z \\ 2x & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \Big|_{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)} \\ = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Jf\left(\frac{\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin y & 0 \\ \cos(x+y+2) & \cos(x+y+2) & \cos(x+y+2) \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{\left(\frac{\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{6}\right)}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Thus } J(g \circ f)\left(\frac{\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Therefore $D(g \circ f)\left(\frac{\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{6}\right)(x, y, z) =$
 $= \left(y, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}y + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}z, x\right)$

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$$17. f(0,1,0) = (1,0)$$

$$Jg(1,0) = \begin{pmatrix} 3x_1^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{(1,0)} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Jf(0,1,0) = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & 2x_3 \\ x_3 & 0 & x_1 \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{(0,1,0)} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$J(gof)(0,1,0) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Thus } D(gof)(0,1,0)(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (12x_1 + 3x_2, 0)$$

$$18. \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{-2x}{(x^2+y^2+z^2)^2} \cdot (6t-1) - \frac{2y}{(x^2+y^2+z^2)^2} \cdot$$

$$\cdot 2z - \frac{\partial z}{(x^2+y^2+z^2)^2} \cdot 3t^2 \Big|_{t=1} = \frac{-4 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 3}{(x^2+1+1)^2} = \frac{-30}{36} = \frac{-5}{6}$$

$$19. V = 900 \text{ cm}^3, \frac{dV}{dt} = 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}, T = 400 \text{ K} \quad \frac{dT}{dt} = 15 \text{ K/min}$$

$$P = \frac{RT}{V} \quad \frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{dP}{dV} \frac{dV}{dt} + \frac{dP}{dT} \frac{dT}{dt} = \frac{-RT}{V^2} \Big|_{T=400, V=900} \cdot 10 + \frac{R}{V} \Big|_{T=400, V=900} \cdot 15$$

$$= \frac{R}{900} \left(-\frac{400}{900} \cdot 10 + 15 \right) = \frac{R}{900} (-40 + 15) = \frac{-R}{36}$$

Since $R > 0$ we see that the pressure is decreasing.

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$$20. \quad x = 70, \frac{dx}{dt} = 4. \quad y = 300, \frac{dy}{dt} = -10$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{du}{dt} &= 0.0006x^2 \overset{-0.0003x^2-0.00000009y^2}{\cancel{\frac{dx}{dt}}} + 0.00000018y \cancel{\frac{dy}{dt}} = \\ &= e^{-0.0003x^2-0.00000009y^2} \left(0.0006x \frac{dx}{dt} + 0.00000018y \frac{dy}{dt} \right) = \\ &= e^{-1.47-0.0081} \left(0.168 - 0.000054 \right) = e^{-1.4781} \cdot 0.167946 \approx \end{aligned}$$

≈ 0.0383 , Thus, the utility is increasing.

$$21. \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = - \frac{\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}}{\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}} = - \frac{3x^2y^2z + y}{x^3y^2 - 3z^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = - \frac{\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}}{\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}} = - \frac{2x^3y^2z + z}{x^3y^2 - 3z^2}$$

$$22. \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = - \frac{\sin(\frac{y}{z}) - \frac{z}{y} \cos(\frac{x}{y})}{-\frac{xy}{z^2} \cos(\frac{y}{z}) + \cos(\frac{x}{y})}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = - \frac{\frac{x}{z} \cos(\frac{y}{z}) + \frac{xy}{y^2} \sin(\frac{x}{y}) - 1}{-\frac{xy}{z^2} \cos(\frac{y}{z}) + \cos(\frac{x}{y})}$$

$$23. \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} = \left(-\frac{\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}}{\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}} \right) \left(-\frac{\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}}{\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}} \right) \left(-\frac{\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}}{\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}} \right) = (-1)^3 = -1$$

$$24. \quad \text{let } S(x, y, z) = x^4 + y^4 + z^4 - 1. \quad \text{Then } S \equiv S(x, y, z) = 0.$$

$$\text{Thus } \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \Big|_S = -\frac{\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}}{\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}} = -\frac{4x^3}{4z^3} = -\left(\frac{x}{z}\right)^3. \quad \text{Similarly, } \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \Big|_S = -\left(\frac{y}{z}\right)^3$$